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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

Washington, D.C. 20549

UNIT

Washington, DC

SECURITIES AND E2

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 1/a-5 Thereunde	£ , , , ,
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $1/1/08$ AND ENDING $1/2$	/31/08 MM/DD/YY
A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: AMERICAN PORTFOLIOS FINANCIAL ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) FAC.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
4250 Veterans Memorial Huy. Holbrook ny 11741	
(No. and Street)	
ttolbrook ny 11741	
	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPO	RT
(A	rea Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*	
HoHz Ruben Stein Reminick L	LP
(Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name)	
125 Bayliss Rd; Melville hy 11	747
(Address) (City) (State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	
Certified Public Accountant	
☐ Public Accountant	
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.	
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
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SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, LON T. DOLBER, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of	
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
American Portfolios Financial Services Inc., a	ıs
of	
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account	
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
^	
72	
Signature	
CED	
Tr. 1	
JOSEPH BORRIELLO JR Notary Public, State of New York No. 01BO5037068	
Notary Public Commission Expires 12/12/2	
Notary Fubic	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity of Partners' of Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the	
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of	f
consolidation.	
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous au	dit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

HOLTZ RUBENSTEIN REMINICK

> SEB Mail Processing Section

FEB 272008

Washington, DC 101

AMERICAN PORTFOLIOS FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended December 31, 2008



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HOLTZ RUBENSTEIN REMINICK

Financial Statements



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New York City: 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018-3308

Tel: 212.697.6900 Fax: 212.490.1412

Independent Auditors' Report

Stockholder American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. Holbrook, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008 and the related statements of earnings, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2008 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the accompanying schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Melville, New York February 23, 2009

Holtz Rubenstein Remende Lis



Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2008	
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,145,843
Deposits with Clearing Organizations	260,047
Receivable from Broker-Dealer and Clearing Organizations	2,012,492
Notes Receivable from Independent Representatives	372,113
Miscellaneous Receivable	33,071
Prepaid Insurance and Other	97,028
Due from Affiliate	14,713
Licenses	100,000
Goodwill	3,503,272
Total Assets	\$ 9,538,579
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 130,171
Payable to broker-dealer and clearing organizations	40,114
Commissions payable	2,698,726
Unearned account representative fees	114,571
Income tax payable-parent	 29,000
Total Liabilities	3,012,582
Commitments	
Stockholder's Equity:	
Common stock, no par value; 1,500 shares authorized;	
100 shares issued and outstanding	3,825,000
Additional paid-in capital	928,483
Retained earnings	1,772,514
Total Stockholder's Equity	6,525,997
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ 9,538,579



Statement of Earnings

Year Ended December 31, 2008	
Revenue:	
Commission revenue	\$ 56,811,451
Marketing and service fee income	1,172,973
Interest and dividends	38,732
Other income	250,035
	58,273,191
Expenses:	
Commission expense	48,393,155
Exchange and clearance fees	1,425,970
Data processing and reporting	861,028
Advertising and marketing	212,861
Salaries and wages	3,044,750
Payroll taxes	198,150
Retirement plan	54,000
Conferences and meetings	439,524
Continuing education	15,584
Depreciation and amortization	1,851
Transition expense	319,614
Insurance expense	245,055
Dues and subscriptions	72,272
Interest expense	6,836
Legal and professional	330,440
Recruiting expense	153,954
Licensing and registration fees	209,016
Office expense	18,710
Meals, entertainment and travel	5,734
Rent and occupancy	. 8,600
Telephone expense	4,019
Overhead reimbursement	2,171,600
	58,192,723
Income before Provision for Income Taxes	80,468
Provision for Income Taxes:	
Current	48,353
Net Income	\$ 32,115



Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2008				
•			Additional	
	Commo	on Stock	Paid-in	Retained
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings

	C	C. I	Additional	D 4 1 1
	Commo	n Stock	Paid-in	Retained
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings
D. I. (1.000)	100		.	
Balance, January 1, 2008	100	\$ 3,825,000	\$ 928,483	\$ 1,740,399
Net Income	-	-	-	32,115
Balance, December 31, 2008	100	\$ 3,825,000	\$ 928,483	\$ 1,772,514



Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2008		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	ф	20.115
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		32,115
•		
used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization		1.051
•		1,851
Amortization of advances to independent representatives		81,739
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		(======================================
Deposits with clearing organizations		(50,000)
Receivable from broker-dealer and clearing organizations		85,470
Notes receivable from independent representatives		(397,095)
Miscellaneous receivable		17,827
Prepaid insurance		(51,466)
Due from affiliate		(7,188)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		9,481
Payable to broker-dealer and clearing organizations		37,487
Commissions payable		290,649
Unearned account representative fees		112,771
Income tax payable-parent		(547,000)
Total adjustments		(415,474)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(383,359)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(383,359)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		3,529,202
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	3,145,843



Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of business - American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. ("APFS" or the "Company") acquired an existing broker-dealer on May 1, 2001 and commenced operations on October 1, 2001 after attaining licensure and registration changes for the Company and its network of independent representatives. APFS's primary source of revenue is providing brokerage services to its customers, who are predominately small and middle-market businesses and individuals. These services are marketed by independent representatives located in various states.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Basis of presentation - APFS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Portfolios Holdings, Inc. ("APH"). The financial statements reflect APFS's business activities.

Cash equivalents - The Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than 90 days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Securities transactions - Customers' securities transactions are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

Commissions - Commissions and related expenses are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Income taxes - Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities as measured by the enacted tax rates which will be in effect when these differences reverse. The Company's federal and New York State tax returns are prepared on a consolidated (combined) basis and accordingly, are included in the consolidated group's filings.

Depreciation and amortization - Depreciation is provided on an accelerated basis using estimated useful lives of five to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease. Capitalized software, purchased for internal use, is amortized on a straight-line basis over the useful life estimated at three years.

Goodwill and intangible assets - The Company tests goodwill for impairment at least annually. The Company completed its annual impairment test during the third quarter of fiscal 2008. The Company estimated the fair value of the reporting unit based upon a multiple of gross commissions. The estimated fair value was then allocated between tangible and intangible assets. As of September 30, 2008, it concluded that the fair value of the reporting unit exceeded the carrying value of the reporting unit. Therefore, no impairment charge was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Licenses - Licenses represent the value of certain broker-dealer licenses acquired through acquisition. These licenses are not subject to amortization, and are tested for impairment at least annually.

Advertising - The Company charges advertising costs to expense as incurred. Advertising costs approximated \$213,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008.



Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2008

2. Receivable from and Payable to Broker-Dealer and Clearing Organizations

Amounts receivable from and payable to clearing organizations at December 31, 2008 consist of the following:

	F	Receivable	 Payable
Deposits with Clearing Organizations Fees and Commissions Receivable/Payable	\$	260,047 2,012,492	\$ 2,698,726
	\$	2,272,539	\$ 2,698,726

The Company clears its customer transactions through an unrelated broker-dealer on a full disclosure basis. The arrangement required the Company to make a \$150,000 deposit, which is in an interest bearing account with the clearing agent. The clearing agent offsets its fees, on a monthly basis, against the Company's commissions. The amount payable to the clearing broker relates to the aforementioned transactions.

The Company has a second clearing arrangement with an unrelated broker-dealer on a full disclosure basis. This arrangement required the Company to make a \$100,000 deposit, which is in an interest bearing account, with the clearing agent. The clearing agent offsets its fees against the Company's commissions.

APFS is a clearing member of National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC"). The primary purpose for this arrangement is the Company's participation in NSCC's commission settlement program. The Company receives daily information downloads, and together with information provided from their clearing agent, prepares detailed commission statements for their independent registered representatives. The Company was required to deposit \$10,000 in an interest bearing account with NSCC.

3. Receivable from and Payable to Customers

Amounts receivable from and payable to customers include amounts due on cash and margin transactions. Securities owned by customers are held as collateral for receivables. Such collateral is not reflected in the financial statements.

4. Notes Receivable from Independent Representatives

In certain situations, the Company advances newly associated independent representatives funds to provide for expenses related to transitioning their customer accounts. These advances are presented on the statement of financial condition in the form of promissory notes that are typically repaid or forgivable over a period of one to three years, with stated interest rates ranging from 6% to 7.5%. Should the independent representatives association with APFS terminate, the unamortized advance is due on demand.

The Company periodically assesses the recoverability of the remaining balances and records a reserve, if required. Amortization of advances and provision for uncollectible amounts are included in transition expense in the statements of earning. As of December 31, 2008, management determined that a provision for uncollectible amounts was not required.

As of December 31, 2008, notes receivable from independent representatives consists of the following:

	 Amount
Notes Receivable Notes Receivable - Forgivable	\$ 128,451 243,662
	\$ 372,113



Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2008

5. Commissions Payable and Independent Representative Transactions

The Company conducts business through a network of independent representatives who receive commissions for their services according to the Company's agreed upon commission schedule. As of December 31, 2008, the Company owed its independent representatives approximately \$2,699,000.

In addition, the Company charges the independent representatives maintenance fees for access to certain computer information and customer support services. Fees charged for the year ended December 31, 2008 amounted to \$1,279,000. These fees are netted against the respective expense accounts.

Unearned account representative fees represent 2009 maintenance fees received in advance.

6. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various brokerage activities in which customer transactions are cleared through unrelated broker-dealers. In the event that these parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk, inclusive of disrupted operations. The Company has no major dependence on any one broker-dealer as alternative services and products are readily available. If a relationship were to terminate, the disruption in business activity would be similar to any other business. To reduce this risk, the Company periodically monitors these functions.

The Company's revenue is dependent upon economic and market conditions. The Company is vulnerable to risk if economic and market conditions weaken.

The Company is also dependent, to a degree, upon its top ten registered representatives who were responsible for 13% of the Company's gross revenue for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company places its cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions. At times, the Company's cash deposits with any one financial institution may exceed the amount insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). At December 31, 2008, the excess was approximately \$2,687,000.

7. Related Party Transactions

The Company and its parent maintain an office overhead arrangement by consolidating all the expenses under one monthly reimbursement amount which is determined based on a calculation of the Company's overhead. Reimbursed expenses include, but are not limited to, office and equipment rental, utilities, administrative salaries, and general office expenses. This reimbursement percentage is reviewed on a quarterly basis to determine its adequacy in reimbursing expenses at the appropriate level. The Company reimbursed its parent approximately \$5,670,000 for the year ended December 31, 2008.

8. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. In addition, the rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1.

At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital of \$2,183,225, which was \$1,933,225 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 1.38 to 1.



Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2008

9. Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated federal and combined New York State tax return with its parent and records its share of the consolidated federal and New York State tax expense on a separate return basis. The Company's federal and New York State tax liability is recorded as "income taxes payable-parent" on the statement of financial condition. This liability represents the approximate amount due to the Company's parent for the benefit the Company will receive on the 2007 consolidated federal and combined New York State tax return of the loss generated by the parent in 2007. In addition, APFS is required to file returns in several other states.

The current and deferred portions of the income tax expense included in the statement of operations are as follows:

	 Current	Deferred		Total
Federal	\$ 25,000	\$	- \$	25,000
New York State	4,000		_	4,000
Other States	19,000		-	19,000
	\$ 48,000	\$	- \$	48,000

The Company has elected to defer the application of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"), an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"), as permitted by FASB Staff Position FIN 48-3 ("FSP FIN 48-3").

In accordance with the guidance in FSP FIN 48-3, the Company is not required to implement the provisions of FIN 48 until fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. As such, the Company has not implemented those provisions in its 2008 financial statements.

Since the provisions of FIN 48 have not been implemented in accounting for uncertain tax positions, the Company continues to utilize its prior policy of accounting for these positions, following the guidance in FASB Statement No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies" ("SFAS 5"). In accordance with SFAS 5, disclosure is not required of a loss contingency involving an unasserted claim or assessment when there has been no manifestation by a potential claimant of an awareness of a possible claim or assessment, unless it is considered probable that a claim will be asserted and there is a reasonable possibility that the outcome will be unfavorable. Following that guidance, as of December 31, 2008, the Company does not believe it has any uncertain tax positions that would qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

10. Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 1,500 shares of no par value common stock. On December 31, 2008, 100 shares were issued and outstanding, which represent a 100% ownership by APH.

11. Supplemental Information - Statement of Cash Flows

Cash paid for interest during the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$6,836.

Taxes paid during the year ended December 31, 2008 were \$48,016.



Supplementary Information



Supplementary Information - Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Year Ended December 31, 2008

Schedule 1 - Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1

let Capital: Total stockholder's equity	\$ 6,525,997
Non-allowable assets:	. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Receivables from non-customers	222,575
Notes receivable from independent representatives	372,113
Miscellaneous receivable	33,071
Prepaid expenses	97,028
Due from affiliate	14,713
Licenses	100,000
Goodwill	3,503,272
	4,342,772

Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital (\$3,012,582/\$2,183,225)

1.38 to 1

2,183,225

Reconciliation with Computation included in Part II of Form X-17a-5 as of December 31, 2008.

Variances between this computation of net capital under Paragraph F of Rule 15c3-1 and the Registrant's computation filed with Part II, Form X-17a-5 are not material in amount. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

Schedule 2 - Computation to Determination of Reserve Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

Not Applicable

Net Capital



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New York City: 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018-3308 Tel: 212.697.6900 Fax: 212.490.1412

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control

Stockholder
American Portfolios
Financial Services, Inc.
Holbrook, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. (the "Company") as of, and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by American Portfolios Financial Services, Inc. including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



A control deficiency exists when the design of operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatement on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melville, New York

Holtz Rubenstein Remence Lup

February 23, 2009